

Wavelet algorithm for circuit simulation

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Wavelet expansions

- Representation of $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ as

$$f = \sum_{k \in \mathcal{I}} c_k \phi_k + \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \sum_{k \in \Lambda_j} d_{jk} \psi_{jk}.$$

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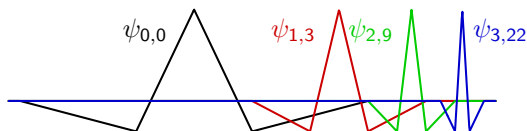
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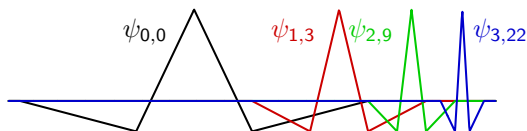


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- Infinite representation \rightsquigarrow **finite approximation needed**

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Thresholding: $f \approx f_\epsilon := \sum_{k \in \mathcal{I}} c_k \phi_k + \sum_{(j,k): |d_{jk}| > \epsilon} d_{jk} \psi_{jk}$

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e.g.,
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Wavelet approximation

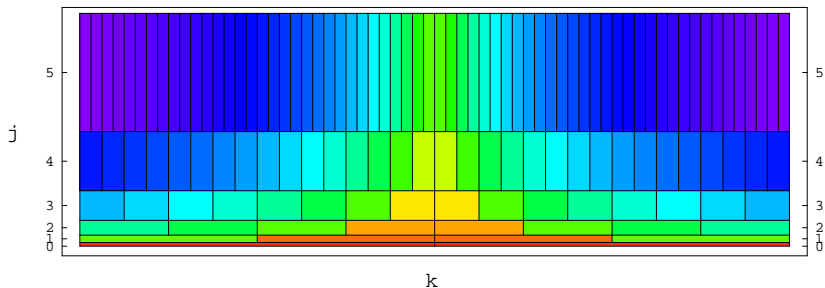
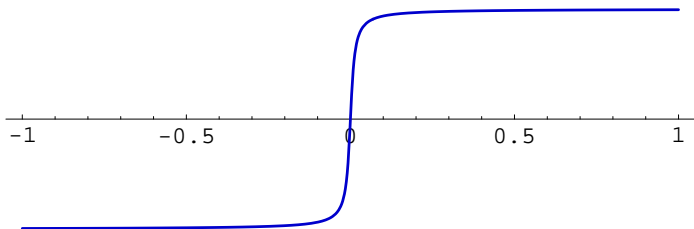
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$\{f(t_{J,k})\} \rightarrow \{c_k\}, \{d_{jk}\}$ by fast wavelet transform.

Example of wavelet expansion



Magnitude of wavelet coefficients of function f

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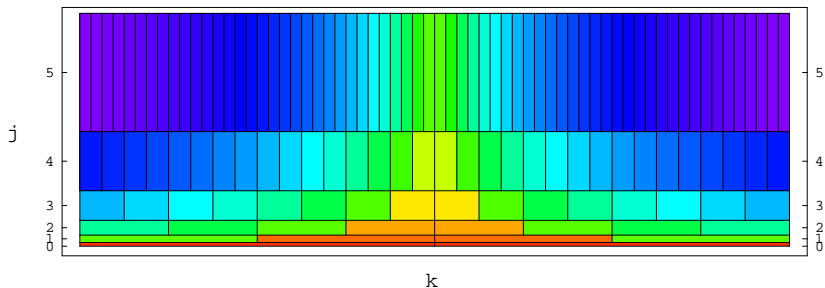
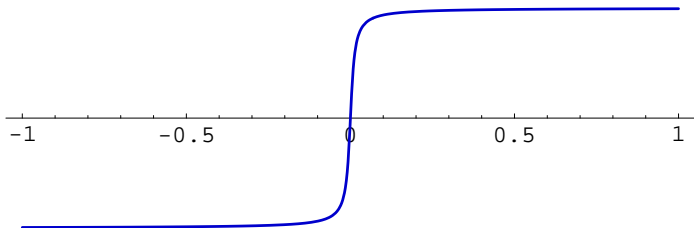
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$$\rightsquigarrow |d_j^k| \leq C 2^{-j\alpha} \|f|_{\text{supp } \psi_{jk}}\|_{W_p^\alpha}, \quad \alpha < m$$

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Adaptive Wavelet Solver

- Expand solution $x(t)$ of charge oriented MNA circuit equation

$$\frac{d}{dt}q(x(t)) + g(x(t)) = s(t)$$

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 - adaptive representation \rightsquigarrow minimal size of problem

Implementation and numerical tests

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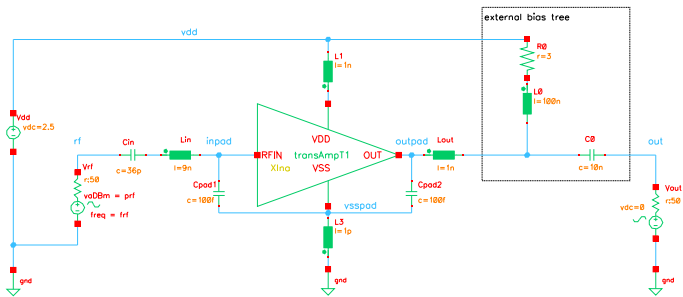
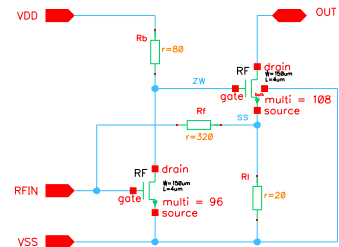
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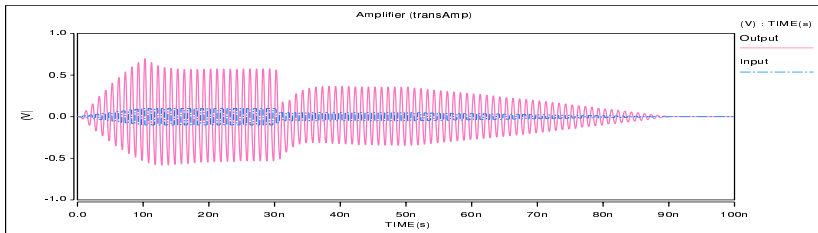
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 - Amplifier
 - Mixer
 - Oscillator

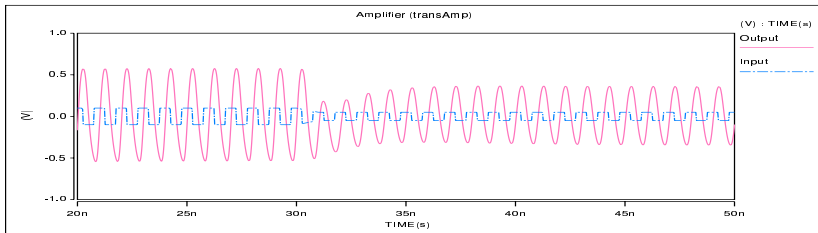
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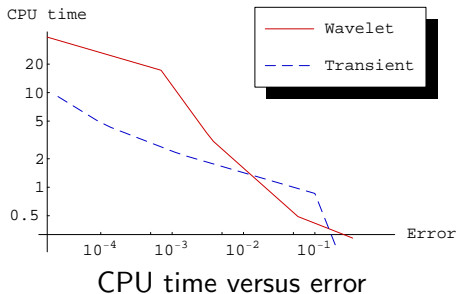
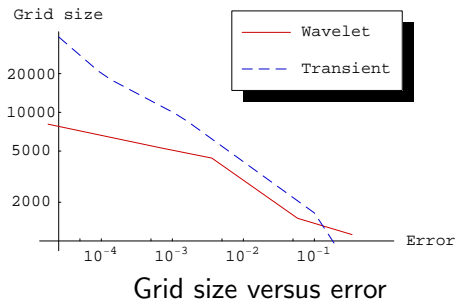


Input and output signal

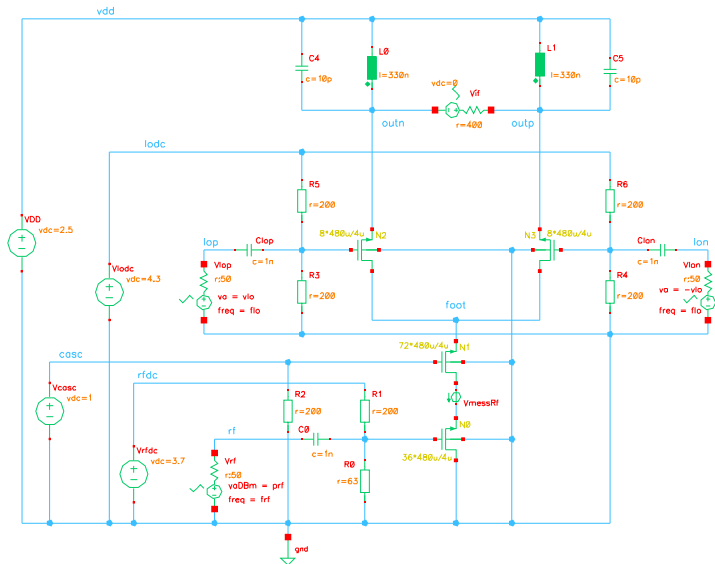


Detail

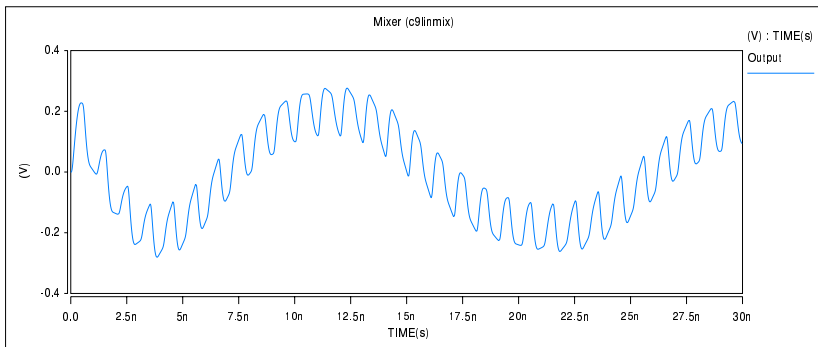
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Example — Mixer

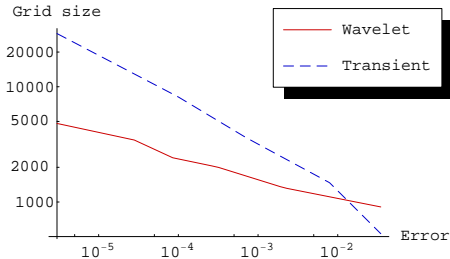


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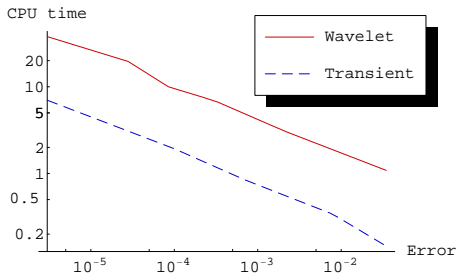


Output for $f_{rf} = 950\text{MHz}$ and $f_{lo} = 1\text{GHz}$

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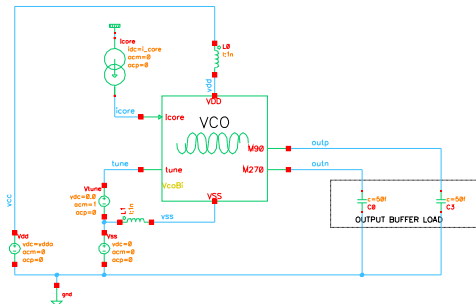
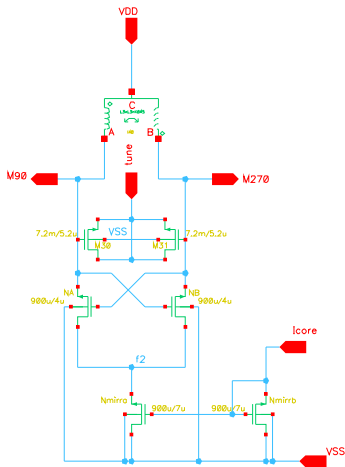


Grid size versus error

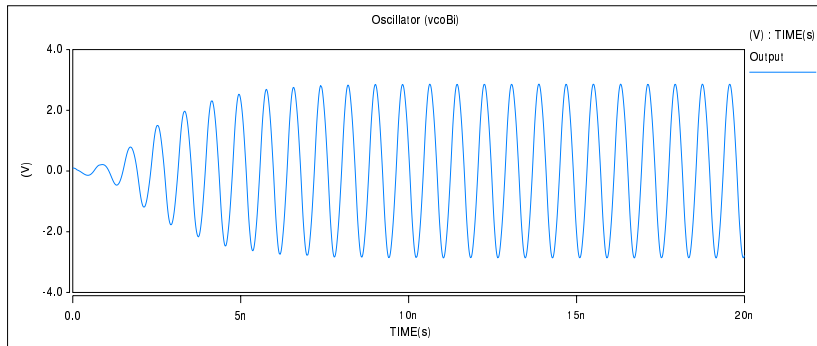


CPU time versus error

Example — Oscillator

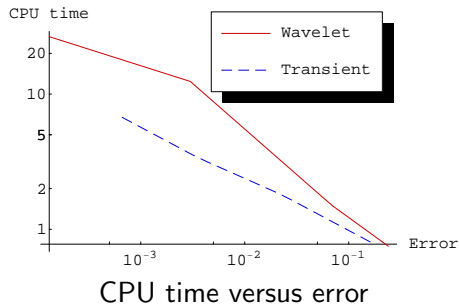
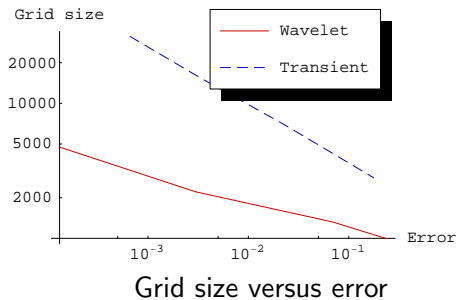


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- \Rightarrow Potential for productive exploitation
- Further optimization needed before released to end-user

Thank you

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Questions?